HOMEWORK 8 Properties of Light in Minerals

GLY 4200 25 points

Show <u>all</u> work. Label answers, including units. Express answers to the correct number of significant figures.

The relationship between the speed of light (c), frequency (f), and wavelength (λ) is:

 $c=f\lambda$

$$c = 2.998 \text{ x } 10^8 \text{ m/s}.$$

1. If $\lambda = 555$ nm, what if f?

2. If $f = 6.76 \times 10^{14}$ Hz, what is λ (expressed in nm)?

The index of refraction is defined as:

$$n = \frac{c_{vacuum}}{c_{medium}}$$

3. $n_{Chloroargyrite} = 2.07$. What is the speed of light in chloroargyrite?

Snell's Law is given by the equation:

$$\frac{\sin \angle i}{\sin \angle r} = \frac{n_r}{n_i}$$

4. If light travels from air into sylvite, and the angle of incidence is 29.6°, what is $\triangle r$? n for sylvite = 1.490.

Brewster's Law of maximum polarization is:

$$\frac{n_r}{n_i} = \tan \angle i$$

5. For sylvite, what is $\triangle i$?

The critical angle is given by a variation of Snell's Law:

$$\frac{n_i}{n_r} \cdot \sin \angle i = 1.00$$

6. Suppose light passes from sylvite into air. What is the critical angle? HINT: Remember that light is going from sylvite into air. What is the incident medium?

The formula for the Numerical Aperture (N.A.) Is:

$$N.A.=n\sin \angle \mu$$
, where

$$\mu = \frac{\angle_{anguular_aperature}}{2}$$

7. If the angular aperture is 35.7° , and n = 1.544, what is N.A.?